

ITL Public School observed Veer Gatha 6.0

Organised by: -ITL Public School (Heritage Club)

Venue: -Respective Classrooms

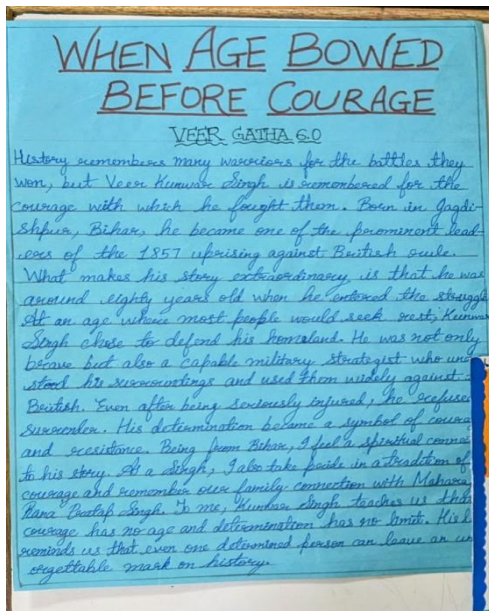
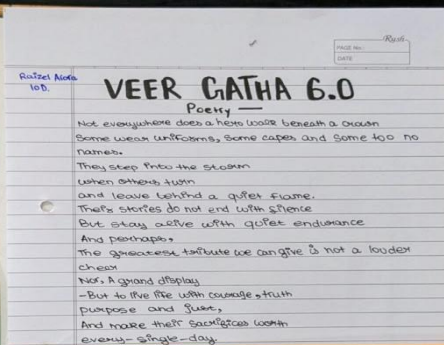
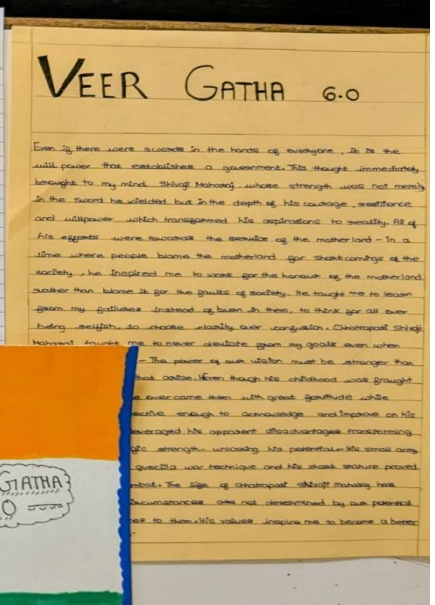
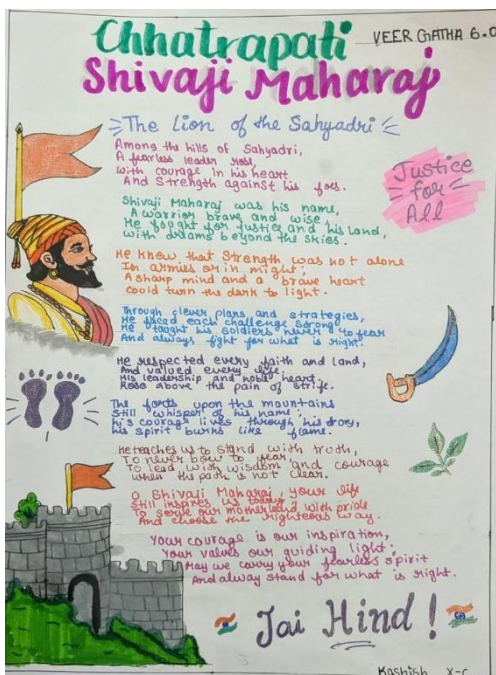
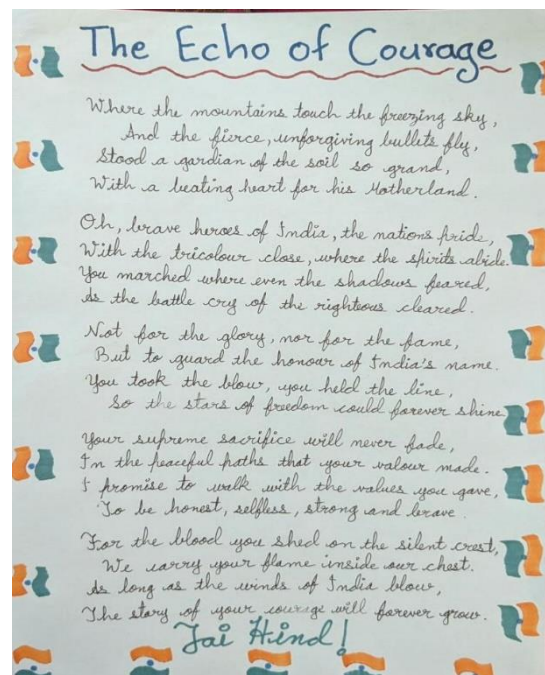
Date-30th September 2026

Classes-III - XII

ITL Public School observed Veer Gatha 6.0 on Wednesday, 30th September 2026 with great patriotic fervour. Students enthusiastically participated in various activities including Poem Recitation, Essay Writing and Painting. Through their creative expressions on topics like gallantry award winners, their supreme sacrifice, and the indomitable spirit of legendary Indian warriors like Shivaji, Prithviraj Chauhan and heroes of 1857, students paid heartfelt tribute to our Bravehearts.

Students not only learnt about the highest gallantry awards but also developed a sense of gratitude, respect and national pride. The activity successfully connected students with the true heroes of the nation. It was an enriching experience that left an indelible mark of patriotism on young minds





VEER GATHA 6.0

Topic: Veer Gatha 6.0

Date: 30/9/26

Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj
Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj founded the Maratha Kingdom in the 17th century. Raised by his mother Jijabai and guided by his father Shahaji Bhosale, he grew into an exemplary king. He was given excellent training in military warfare and administration.

As he grew older, he launched a series of daring raids and conquests, gradually expanding his control over the Deccan Region. His military prowess and strategic brilliance were on full display, as he outwitted his powerful adversaries.

One of his most famous exploits was the capture of the Torna Fort in 1646, a bold move that marked the beginning of his rise to power. Under Shivaji's leadership, the Maratha Empire flourished, expanding its reach and influence over the Indian Subcontinent. His guerrilla tactics allowed the Marathas to challenge the might of the Mughal Empire and other regional powers. He demonstrated his valour and physical strength.

He built and repaired over 300 hill forts, including Raigad and Pratapgad. These mountain forts acted as safe shelters for his soldiers, centers for government work, and strong bases to protect his people.

In 1674, Shivaji Maharaj was officially crowned as the King (Chhatrapati) at Raigad Fort, creating an Independent Kingdom called Hindavi Swarajya.

- VAISHNAVI VATS X-D

ITL Public School

Atharv Singh
V-D

Veer Gatha 6.0

Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj
My role model

Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj was a 17th century Indian warrior and the visionary founder of the Maratha Empire. Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj was born in February 19, 1630 at the Shivneri fort near Junnar, Maharashtra. He was the son of Shahji Bhosale and Jijabai, who deeply shaped his values of justice and self-determination. He pioneered innovative guerrilla warfare tactics known as Ganimi Kava, using the rugged terrain of the Western Ghats to outmanoeuvre the powerful Mughal Empire and regional sultans. By the young age of fifteen, he began capturing strategic hill forts, steadily expanding his territory into a formidable realm. In 1614, he was formally crowned as the Chhatrapati at Raigad fort, establishing a progressive, independent kingdom. Beyond his military brilliance, he was a benevolent administrator who championed religious tolerance, efficient governance, a strong navy, and the protection of women, making his swarajya an enduring symbol of India patriotism. He is a true hero of our country.

Veer Gatha 6.0

Captain Vikram Batra

Among the mountains, brave and bold
He fought for India, strong as gold.
With courage shining in his eyes
He faced the battle fear defies.

For his brave men, he gave his all,
He stood strong when danger called,
His sacrifice will always be,
A proud chapter of our history,

A hero then, a hero still,
His courage lives beyond the hill.
Jai Hind!

My Role Model - Major SOMNATH SHARMA

A true hero is not a person who never faces fear, but one who chooses duty over fear. My role model is Major Somnath Sharma, the first recipient of India's highest military decoration for bravery, the Param Vir Chakra. His courage, leadership and dedication to the nation continue to inspire me. Major Somnath Sharma was born on 31 January 1923 in Himachal Pradesh. He came from a family with a strong military background and developed a sense of discipline and patriotism from an early age. He joined the British Indian Army and later became part of Indian Army after India got Independence. In 1947, India faced a serious threat in Jammu and Kashmir. Major Somnath Sharma was serving in the 4th battalion of the Kumaon Regiment and was sent to defend Srinagar airfield and nearby areas. At that time his arm was injured and he had been advised to rest. However, he insisted on going with his troops because he believed that his duty came first. This showed his extraordinary determination and sense of responsibility. On 3 November 1947, Major Somnath Sharma and his company faced a much larger enemy force at Badgam. Despite being heavily outnumbered,