



ASSIGNMENT NO. 3

SUBJECT: PSYCHOLOGY

CLASS-XII

OCTOBER'2026

Chapter-6: Attitude & Social Cognition

Very short answer type questions (2 marks)

1. Chandan is a joyful guy who has positive attitude towards human beings. He also assist and teach illiterate people in his colony. What we call this attitude?
2. Write formation of Attitude.
3. What do you understand by 'Positive Thinking' attitude?

Short questions type questions (3 marks)

1. How does messaging play a role in bringing about attitude change?
2. Priyanka was fond of junk food and ate it too often. However, she always felt guilty as she knew junk food was harmful for her health and wanted to give it up. Explain the process that will lead to change in her attitude.
3. Discuss cognitive dissonance component in attitude change process.
4. Arjun faced rejection during a job interview despite meeting all qualifications because of his ethnicity. This experience highlighted the challenges of being treated unfairly based on personal attributes. Write about 'Discrimination'.
5. Discuss the strategies suggested by psychologists for handling prejudice.
6. Sandesh and his father Kishore Mehta in every weekend participate in the local community awareness programme. The Mehta family has witnessed people's prejudices and inferior behaviour during Pandemic period in 2020, therefore don't wish other gets the same amount of humiliation. Explain the various sources of prejudices in attitude formation.

Long questions type questions (4 marks)

1. Among the four dominant features of attitude, which attitude is the most significant one?
2. St. Xavier's School inducted many poor children into their school as it was directed by the state government's directions. How it was found that the teaching staff is not very pleased with the decision? Find out how prejudices and discriminations are fine examples of attitude formation.
3. Farhan is a teacher in the nearby Anger Management Institute. With the batch of 150 students, he teaches with live model examples. Even students are quite satisfied with his teaching methodology. One day they learnt that his teacher has

filed divorce petition against his wife. Explain the attitude-behaviour relationship.

4. Seema Rajput, a Hindi literature teacher is quite famous in her school. Many students simply opted Hindi as a subject over other MIL subject because of her attraction and soft spoken skills. What would you name this attitude formation? Explain it.

Very long questions type questions (6 marks)

1. How are attitudes learnt? Explain.
2. How behaviour reflects one's attitude? Define with examples.
3. Describe attitudes and write about formation of attitudes.
4. Identify the factors that affect the attitude formation.

Chapter:7 Social Influence & Group Processes

Very short answer type questions (2 marks)

1. Differentiate between group and team
2. Differentiate between ingroup and outgroup.

Short questions type questions (3 marks)

1. What is Social loafing and why does it occurs?
2. Discuss the strategies suggested by psychologists for handling prejudice.
3. Sandesh and his father Kishore Mehta in every weekend participate in the local community awareness programme. The Mehta family has witnessed people's prejudices and inferior behaviour during Pandemic period in 2020, therefore don't wish other gets the same amount of humiliation. Explain the various sources of prejudices in attitude formation.
4. The Group satisfies one's psychological and social needs." Elaborate.

Long questions type questions (4 marks)

1. Describe in-group and out-group bias in social psychology
2. Explain the major characteristics of group formation.
3. Critically examine and their implications of 'Social facilitation' and 'Social loafing' on individual behaviour.
4. Bandwagon Effect is the biggest drawback of Polarisation process. Explain.
5. What is the focus of group behaviour in psychology? Describe various conditions for the formation of group.
6. Analyse in-group and out-group in social psychology.
7. Explain the major advantages and disadvantages by group formation.

Very long questions type questions (6 marks)

1. What do you understand by group behaviour in psychology and why do people join groups?
2. Describe the elements of group structure.
3. Explain the major outcomes of 'Minimal Group Paradigm'.
4. Describe methods by which social loafing can be reduced.
5. What is the meaning of group? Write five stages of group formation.
6. Describe influence of group on individual behaviour.
7. Who discovered the process of groupthink? Also discuss about the process of groupthink
8. Explain the polarisation processes in groups. Why polarisation occur?