



**ITL PUBLIC SCHOOL**  
**MATHEMATICS**  
**RAKSHA BHANDHAN- MULTIPLICATION**

**DATE:**

**NAME:**

**A. Fill in the blanks.**

1.  $2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
2.  $5 + 5 + 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
3. 3 groups of 4 can be written as  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
4. 4 groups of 6 can be written as  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
5.  $7 \times 2$  means  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  groups of  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
6.  $5 \times 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
7.  $4 \times 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
8.  $6 \times 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
9.  $8 \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
10.  $10 \times 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

**B. Multiplication as repeated addition.**

1.  $3 \times 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
2.  $2 \times 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
3.  $5 \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
4.  $4 \times 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .
5.  $6 \times 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

**C Solve the Raksha Bandhan problems.**

1. Riya has 4 packets of rakhis. Each packet has 5 rakhis. How many rakhis does she have altogether?  
Number sentence:  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  Answer:  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  rakhis
2. There are 6 plates. Each plate has 3 sweets. How many sweets are there altogether?  
Number sentence:  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  Answer:  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  sweets
3. Aman makes 5 groups of 4 diyas. How many diyas does he make?  
Number sentence:  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  Answer:  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  diyas
4. A shopkeeper packs 3 rakhis in each of 7 small boxes. How many rakhis are packed?  
Number sentence:  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  Answer:  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  rakhis

**D. Find the product.**

a)  $23 \times 15$

b)  $167 \times 6$

c)  $17 \times 14$

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