



ITL PUBLIC SCHOOL

PRE-MIDTERM EXAMINATION (2026-27)

THE WORLD AROUND US

DATE:1.09.26

ANSWERKEY

CLASS: V- __

SECTION A (10 Marks)

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1

Choose the correct option (Multiple Choice Questions) -

10

i) The Majuli island in Assam is the world’s largest river island, formed by the _____ river-

a) Kaveri

b) Brahmaputra

c) Godavari

d) Krishna

ii) _____ is formed at the delta of Godavari:

a) Pench National Park

b) Coringa Mangrove Forest

c) Polavaram Dam

d) Kawal Tiger Reserve

iii) The largest producer of pulses in the world-

a) Brazil

b) India

c) China

d) Russia

iv) Chewing properly releases _____ which helps digest the food-

a) Acid

b) Bile juice

c) Saliva

d) Pancrestic juice

v) Wet waste can be turned into-

a) Garbage

b) Compost

c) Raw material

d) Cans and bottle

vi) A campaign to save and protect water-

a) Jal Shakti Abhiyan

b) Water Management

c) Water Saving Mission

d) Jal Bachao Yojna

vii) _____ musical instrument is used in Hindustani music.

a) Dhol

b) Nagara

c) Sitar and Shehnai

d) Pakhawaj

viii) The Emblem of India is taken from-

a) Sanchi Stupa

b) Lion Capital of Ashoka

c) Ajanta Caves

d) Red Fort

For sub-parts (ix) and (x), two statements are given- one labelled Assertion (A) and the other labelled Reason (R). Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes a), b), c) and d) as given below:

Assertion (A)

People should not throw waste like plastic, chemicals etc. into rivers.

Reason (R)

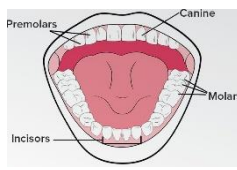
Waste pollutes the water, harms aquatic plants and animals, and makes the water unsafe for people.

ix)

Ans. a) Both A and R are true, and R is correct explanation of the assertion.

	<table> <tr> <td>Assertion (A)</td> <td>A headgear is worn for protection from heat or cold, or an injury.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reason (R)</td> <td>A headgear is a significant symbol of tradition, honour and cultural heritage, particularly in weddings or special events.</td> </tr> </table> x) Ans. b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of the assertion.	Assertion (A)	A headgear is worn for protection from heat or cold, or an injury.	Reason (R)	A headgear is a significant symbol of tradition, honour and cultural heritage, particularly in weddings or special events.	
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SECTION B (10 Marks)						
2	Give answer in one word- a) The Godavari River begins here in Maharashtra - Brahmagiri Hills of Western Ghats at Trimbakeshwar b) The teeth that help in tearing the food - Canines c) An environment-friendly school that manages its resources well – A Green School d) The world’s biggest digital ID system used in India - Aadhaar	4				
3	Fill in the blanks with a suitable answer- a) Sand is <u>insoluble</u> in water as it forms a separate layer at the bottom. b) <u>Fermented</u> food like kanji cools the body and is full of good bacteria. c) A device that helps to put out fire is called <u>fire extinguisher</u>. d) The spectacles on a currency note are the symbol of a nationwide mission called <u>Swachh Bharat Abhiyan</u>.	4				
4	Complete the given statements appropriately- a) We need to preserve food as <u>it prevents the spoilage of food by germs for a long period of time.</u> b) It is necessary to follow traffic rules as <u>they help to keep everyone safe and prevent accidents.</u>	2				
SECTION C (20 Marks)						
5	Justify the given statements- a) People have to leave their homes when dams are built. Reason- As the reservoir created by a dam floods the land that was once home to animals and people. b) All microbes are not harmful. Reason- As some help to make food items like idli, curd; some help in digestion. c) Greenish-black patches appear on bread if kept in moist warm place. Reason- As the fungal spores present in air fall on the bread and start germinating into mould on getting warmth, air and moisture. d) In many villages, people clean floors with cow dung and mud. Reason- to avoid insects and keep the house cool.	5				

	e) Godavari is known as a perennial river. Reason- As its water does not dry up in summers/ it flows throughout the year.																			
6	Explain the contribution of sanitation workers and recyclers in keeping our surroundings clean. Ans. i) They work hard to keep our surroundings clean and healthy, prevent diseases; ii) help in recycling the old things like paper, metal and thus reduce waste from the earth.	2																		
7	Segregate the given items according to two boxes mentioned below- Green for wet waste, Blue for dry waste <table border="1"><tr><td>banana peels, paper, potato peels, glass jar, metal can</td></tr></table>	banana peels, paper, potato peels, glass jar, metal can	2																	
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8	On the political map of India, identify and label the states to which the following traditional dance forms belong: a) Mohiniyattam - Kerala b) Garba- Gujarat	2																		
9	Look at the given picture and answer the questions that follow-  a) Explain what difference do you observe in the flow of rainwater on both sides of the stream. Ans. On the left side where trees are cut, rainwater does not soak into the ground and flows quickly as runoff into the stream. On the right side with trees, water soaks into the soil. b) How do trees help in preventing floods? Ans. Trees act like natural sponges. Their roots make the soil porous so that it can absorb and store a lot of rainwater. Their leaves and branches also slow down the rain. This reduces the amount of water flowing into rivers at once and prevents floods. c) What will happen if all the trees on the right side are also cut down? Ans - If trees are cut, the soil will become loose, rainwater will not be absorbed, and it will cause soil erosion and floods in the nearby areas.	3																		
10	Complete the given table on Indian Currency Notes- <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Denomination</th><th>Monument</th><th>Name of the State</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>₹ 10</td><td>A Konark Sun Temple</td><td>Odisha</td></tr><tr><td>₹ 20</td><td>Ellora Caves</td><td>B Maharashtra</td></tr><tr><td>₹ 50</td><td>C Hampi with chariot</td><td>Karnataka</td></tr><tr><td>₹ 100</td><td>D Rani ki Vav</td><td>Gujarat</td></tr><tr><td>₹ 200</td><td>Sanchi Stupa</td><td>E Madhya Pradesh</td></tr></tbody></table>	Denomination	Monument	Name of the State	₹ 10	A Konark Sun Temple	Odisha	₹ 20	Ellora Caves	B Maharashtra	₹ 50	C Hampi with chariot	Karnataka	₹ 100	D Rani ki Vav	Gujarat	₹ 200	Sanchi Stupa	E Madhya Pradesh	3
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	₹ 500	F Red Fort	New Delhi	
11	Draw a neat diagram showing types of teeth in a human denture and label them correctly.			3
				
SECTION D (10 Marks)				
12	Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow- <i>“Rohan visited a village near the banks of the Godavari River during his vacation. He noticed that the river provides water for farmers growing crops like rice and sugarcane. Many people in the village depend on the river for fishing and transporting goods by boat. However, as the river enters a nearby busy town, Rohan noticed people dumping plastic bags, soapy drain water, and factory waste directly into the river, making the water dark, dirty, and harmful for fish and birds.”</i> a) State any two ways in which the villagers depend on the river for their daily livelihood. Ans. Farmers use the river water to irrigate crops such as rice and sugarcane. Fishermen catch fish to earn an income, and boatmen use the river to transport people and goods. b) What will happen to the aquatic animals (like fish and turtles) if plastic waste and harmful chemicals continue to enter the river? Ans. Toxic chemicals pollute the water and lower oxygen levels, while plastic waste can choke or poison fish and turtles, leading to a decline in aquatic life.			2
13	Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow- <i>“Trees that give shade and classrooms with windows where the breeze can come in, can make a difference. A white roof can also make the roof cool because it reflects the Sun’s heat. On the other hand, a black surface absorbs heat.”</i> a) ‘A white roof keeps a room cooler compared to a dark-coloured roof’- Justify the statement. Ans. A white roof reflects the Sun's heat, keeping the room cooler, while black colour absorbs heat. b) How do trees and windows help in keeping a room or area cool? Ans. Trees give shade and provide a cooling effect; Windows allow breeze to come in, making the classroom cooler and fresher.			2
14	Answer the questions based on the given case-study- <i>“Ravi’s family lives in a village where mangoes are abundant during summer. His sister wants to enjoy mango throughout the year. His mother and grandmother made its pickle pickles using salt and oil. They also kept some of the mango slices in sun.”</i> a) Mention 2 methods Ravi’s mother can use to preserve mangoes for a longer period. Ans. She can use methods like drying and pickling to preserve mangoes. b) How does adding salt or sugar help in preserving food?			3

	Ans. Adding salt or sugar reduces moisture and creates an environment where microbes can't grow easily, thus preserving the food. c) What precautions should they take while preserving food to keep it safe for consumption? Ans. They should use clean utensils, store food in airtight containers, and keep them in a cool, dry place to prevent spoilage.	
15	Answer the questions based on the given case-study- <i>“During the Republic Day celebrations at school, Ananya participated in an exhibition called ‘Our Vibrant Country’. Her class displayed colourful charts showing India’s national symbols, states, and diverse traditions. Next to the display of the National Flag and National Emblem, students wore traditional attire from different states and presented dance forms such as Bharatanatyam and Bihu. The food stall offered regional dishes like idli, sarson ka saag, and dhokla. Ananya realized that even though people across different regions speak different languages, wear different clothes, and eat different kinds of food, they celebrate national festivals together with pride.”</i> a) What does the presence of diverse dance forms and varied foods show about our country? Ans. It highlights India’s rich cultural diversity and regional heritage, showing that every region has its own unique arts, customs, and culinary traditions. b) Identify any two elements of national pride or symbols mentioned in the passage that unite the people of India. Ans. The National Flag (Tricolour); The National Emblem; National Festivals (like Republic Day) c) Why is India often described as an example of ‘Unity in Diversity’? Ans. People from different cultures, religions, languages, and geographic regions live together as citizens of one nation.	3

Diagrams for practice-

- Journey of Godavari River
- Human Digestive System
- Types of Teeth

Map pointing-

- Traditional Dance Forms and the State of their origin
- Headgears and their respective States