



Brain International School

Vikas Puri, New Delhi

ASSIGNMENT NO. 5

SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE

CLASS-IX

NOV,2025

GEOGRAPHY

Ch 4 Climate

Q1. During which months does Tamil Nadu receive most of its rainfall?

- a) June to September
- b) October to December
- c) January to March
- d) April to May

Q2. The western disturbances bring rainfall to which part of India?

- a) Northern plains
- b) Coastal Andhra Pradesh
- c) Central India
- d) Northeast

Q3. The coastal areas experience moderate temperatures while the interior of the country experiences extreme temperatures. Explain.

Q4. Assertion Reason:

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true but R is false.
- d) A is false but R is true.

I Assertion (A): The coastal regions experience moderate climate.

Reason (R): Land and sea breezes help to maintain a uniform temperature between day and night.

II Assertion (A): The monsoon is known for its uncertainty.

Reason (R): The arrival and withdrawal of monsoon winds vary every year, and rainfall is unevenly distributed.

Q5. Why is the monsoon considered a unifying bond in India?

Q6. Read the source and answer the questions that follow:

India's climate influences its agriculture, food habits, clothing, and festivals. Areas with heavy rainfall grow rice, while drier regions prefer wheat and pulses. People wear cotton clothes in hot and humid regions, while woollens are used in cold areas.

- i. How does rainfall influence the cropping pattern in India?
- ii. Give two examples of how climate affects our lifestyle.
- iii. Name two festivals associated with harvest or monsoon.

ECONOMICS

Ch 4 Food Security in India

Q1. Which system was introduced by the government to provide foodgrains at a cheaper rate to poor families?

- a) MSP
- b) Buffer Stock
- c) PDS
- d) Operation Flood

Q2. The minimum price fixed by the government before the sowing season is known as:

- a) Wholesale Price
- b) Market Price
- c) Minimum Support Price (MSP)
- d) Retail Price

Q3. **Assertion (A):** The PDS plays a vital role in ensuring food security in India.

Reason (R): It provides foodgrains to poor families at subsidized rates through Fair Price Shops.

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true but R is false.
- d) A is false but R is true.

Q4. Why is food security essential for a country like India?

Q5. Explain the role of the Public Distribution System (PDS) in ensuring food security.

Q6. Read the source and answer the questions that follow:

The table shows the share of population under PDS coverage (2022–23):

Punjab – 32%, Bihar – 82%, Tamil Nadu – 68%, Gujarat – 45%.

Ques:

- (a) Which state has the highest food insecurity risk and why?
- (b) What could explain the low PDS coverage in Punjab?
- (c) How can states improve their PDS coverage?