



ASSIGNMENT NO. 2

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS

CLASS-XII

MAY,2025

CHAPTER : RELATION AND FUNCTIONS

Q1 Let $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be the function defined by $f(x) = \frac{1}{2 - \cos x} \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$. Then, find range of f .

Q 2 Find the maximum number of equivalence relations on the set $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$.

Q3 Prove that relation R on \mathbb{Z} defined by $(a, b) \in R \Leftrightarrow a - b$ is divisible by 5 is an equivalence relation on \mathbb{Z} .

Q4 Let a relation R on \mathbb{R} be defined as $R = \{(a, b) : 1 + ab > 0; a, b \in \mathbb{R}\}$. Show that R is reflexive, symmetric, transitive.

Q5 Let R be the relation on $\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}$ defined by, $(a, b)R(c, d) \Leftrightarrow ad(c + b) = bc(a + d)$. SHOW EQ

Q 6 If $A = \{1, 5, 6\}$, $B = \{7, 9\}$ and $R = \{(a, b) \in A \times B : |a - b| \text{ is even}\}$. Then write the relation R . **Q 22** $R = \{(1, 7), (1, 9), (5, 7), (5, 9)\}$

Q 7 In the set $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$, a relation R is defined by $R = \{(x, y) : x, y \in A \text{ and } x < y\}$. Then R is

(a) Reflexive (b) Symmetric (c) Transitive (d) None

Q 8 Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and $R = \{(1, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3), (4, 4), (1, 2), (2, 1)\}$ be defined on set A . Then the equivalence classes of $[1]$ is

(a) $\{1, 2\}$ (b) $[1, 2]$ (c) $\{1, 2\}$ (d) None

Q 9 Let $A = \{1, 2\}$. Then number of reflexive relations defined on A is

(a) 4 (b) 8 (c) 16 (d) 0

Q 10 Let $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$. Then number of symmetric relations defined on A is

(a) 8 (b) 64 (c) 1 (d) 0

Q 11 Let $A = \{1, 2\}$. Then number of reflexive and symmetric relations defined on A is

(a) 8 (b) 4 (c) 2 (d) 1

Q 12 Let R be a relation on the set \mathbb{N} of natural numbers defined by nRm if n divides m . Then R is

(a) Reflexive and symmetric (b) Transitive and symmetric
(c) Equivalence (d) Reflexive, transitive but not symmetric

Q 13 Let L denote the set of all straight lines in a plane. Let a relation R be defined by $l R m$ if and only if l is perpendicular to $m \forall l, m \in L$. Then R is

(a) Reflexive (b) Symmetric (c) Transitive (d) None

CHAPTER 2 INVERSE TRIGO

Q 14 Which of the following is the principal value of $\operatorname{cosec}^{-1}x$?

- a) $\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ b) $[0, \pi] - \frac{\pi}{2}$ c) $\left\{\frac{\pi}{2}\right\} \left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$ d) $\left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right] - \{0\}$

Q 15 The domain of $\sin^{-1}2x$ is

- a) $[0, 1]$ b) $[-1, 1]$ c) $\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right]$ d) $[-2, 2]$

Q 16 The domain of the function $\cos^{-1}(2x - 1)$ is

- a) $[0, 1]$ b) $[-1, 1]$ c) $(-1, 1)$ d) $[0, \pi]$

Q 17 If $\sin^{-1}x = y$, then

- a) $0 \leq y \leq \pi$ b) $-\frac{\pi}{2} < y < \frac{\pi}{2}$ c) $0 < y < \pi$ d) $-\frac{\pi}{2} \leq y \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$

Q 18 The domain of the function defined by $f(x) = \sin^{-1}\sqrt{x-1}$ is

- a) $[1, 2]$ b) $[-1, 1]$ c) $[0, 1]$ d) None of these

Q 19 The principal value of the expression $\cos^{-1}[\cos(-680^\circ)]$ is

- a) $\frac{2\pi}{9}$ b) $\frac{-2\pi}{9}$ c) $\frac{34\pi}{9}$ d) $\frac{\pi}{9}$

Q 20 The principal value of $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$ is

- a) $-\frac{2\pi}{3}$ b) $-\frac{\pi}{3}$ c) $\frac{4\pi}{3}$ d) $\frac{5\pi}{3}$

Q 21 Let $\theta = \sin^{-1}(\sin(-600^\circ))$, then value of θ is

- a) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ b) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ c) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ d) $\frac{-2\pi}{3}$

Q 22 The value of $\cot(\sin^{-1}x)$ is

- a) $\frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{x}$ b) $\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$ c) $\frac{1}{x}$ d) $\frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x}$

Q 23 If $\tan^{-1}x = \frac{\pi}{10}$ for some $x \in \mathbf{R}$, then the value of $\cot^{-1}x$ is

- a) $\frac{\pi}{5}$ b) $\frac{2\pi}{5}$ c) $\frac{3\pi}{5}$ d) $\frac{4\pi}{5}$

Q 24 The value of $\sin(2 \sin^{-1}(.6))$ is

- a) .48 b) .96 c) 1.2 d) 1.48

Q 25 If $\sin^{-1}x + \sin^{-1}y = \frac{\pi}{2}$, then value of $\cos^{-1}x + \cos^{-1}y$ is

- a) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ b) π c) 0 d) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$

Q 26 The value of the expression $\sin[\cot^{-1}(\cos(\tan^{-1}1))]$ is

- 0 b) 1 c) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ d) $\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$