



Brain International School

Vikas Puri, New Delhi

ASSIGNMENT NO. 1

SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE

CLASS-XII

APRIL, 2025

PART A: CONTEMPORARY WORLD POLITICS

Chapter 1: The End of Bipolarity

Q1. Which year marked the collapse of the USSR?

- a) 1989
- b) 1991
- c) 1993
- d) 1995

Q2. The Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) was formed by:

- a) USA
- b) Russia, Ukraine, and Belarus
- c) China and India
- d) NATO

Q3. Assertion (A): Economic reforms introduced by Mikhail Gorbachev led to the collapse of the Soviet Union.

Reason (R): The policies of Glasnost and Perestroika weakened the Communist Party's control.

- a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true, but R is false.
- d) A is false, but R is true.

Q4. Explain the role of **Mikhail Gorbachev** in Soviet reforms.

Q5. How did the collapse of the USSR impact world politics?

Q6. Discuss the political and economic impact of the Soviet disintegration.

Q7. How did the Cold War end, and what were its global consequences?

Chapter 2: Contemporary Centres of Power

Q1. Which organization is considered an economic superpower?

- a) ASEAN
- b) SAARC
- c) European Union
- d) NATO

Q2. The **ASEAN** headquarters is located in:

- a) China
- b) Indonesia
- c) Thailand
- d) Singapore

Q3. Assertion (A): ASEAN is primarily a military alliance.

Reason (R): ASEAN was formed to promote economic and cultural cooperation among Southeast Asian nations.

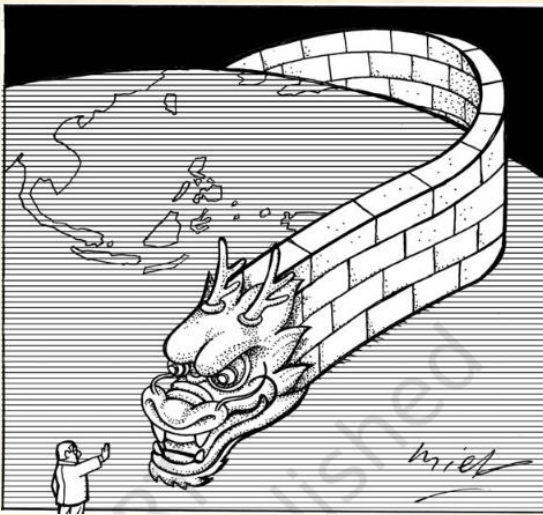
- a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
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- c) A is true, but R is false.
- d) A is false, but R is true.

Q4. What are the objectives of ASEAN?

Q5. Discuss the rise of China as a global power and its impact on world politics.

Q6. How do regional organizations like the European Union and ASEAN shape global politics?

Q7.



I. What part of this cartoon is related to China

II. What is it depicting?

III. 'China may be the next super power.' Assess the statement.

PART B: POLITICS IN INDIA SINCE INDEPENDENCE

Chapter 1: Challenges of Nation-Building

Q1. Which state was the first to be formed on a linguistic basis?

- a) Gujarat
- b) Andhra Pradesh
- c) Maharashtra
- d) Tamil Nadu

Q2. What was the major challenge India faced after Independence?

- a) Economic development
- b) Political stability
- c) Integration of princely states
- d) All of the above

Q3. Assertion (A): The linguistic reorganization of states was necessary for national unity.

Reason (R): People demanded states based on religion to maintain communal harmony.

- a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true, but R is false.
- d) A is false, but R is true.

Q4. Explain the role of Sardar Patel in the integration of princely states.

Q5. Why was the linguistic reorganization of states important?

Q6. Discuss the problems faced by India after Independence and the solutions adopted.

Q7. Explain the process and significance of the integration of princely states.

Chapter 2: Era of One-Party Dominance

Q1. The first general elections in India were held in:

- a) 1947 b) 1950 c) 1952 d) 1955

Q2. Who was the main opposition to the Congress during the 1950s?

- a) CPI b) BJP c) Janata Dal d) Socialist Party

Q3. The term Congress System was coined by:

- a) Rajni Kothari b) M.N. Roy c) Jawaharlal Nehru d) B.R. Ambedkar

Q4. Assertion (A): The Congress Party dominated Indian politics in the first three general elections.

Reason (R): The opposition parties were weak and lacked organizational structure.

- a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
c) A is true, but R is false.
d) A is false, but R is true.

Q5. Discuss the reasons for the dominance of Congress in the early years of Indian democracy.

Q6. How did opposition parties emerge in India's political system?

Chapter 3: Politics of Planned Development

Q1. The First Five-Year Plan was launched in:

- a) 1947 b) 1951 c) 1956 d) 1961

Q2. The Planning Commission was established in:

- a) 1950 b) 1952 c) 1947 d) 1965

Q3. Which model of economic planning was adopted by India?

- a) Capitalist b) Socialist c) Mixed economy d) Free market

Q4. Assertion (A): India adopted a mixed economy model after Independence.

Reason (R): A mixed economy allows both private and public sectors to contribute to economic growth.

- a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
c) A is true, but R is false.
d) A is false, but R is true.

Q5. What was the impact of the Green Revolution on India's economy?

Q6. Discuss the successes and failures of planned development in India.

Q7. Explain the significance of the Five-Year Plans in shaping India's economy.