

## **BRAIN INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL**

**SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS**

**CLASS : XI**

**JULY 2024**

### **CHAPTER : TRIGONOMETRY**

**Q1.** Find the value of the following:

(i)  $\tan \frac{19\pi}{3}$

(ii)  $\cot \left( \frac{-15\pi}{4} \right)$

**Q2.** If  $\tan x = \frac{3}{4}$  and  $x$  lies in the third quadrant, find the values of  $\sin \frac{x}{2}$ ,  $\cos \frac{x}{2}$  and  $\tan \frac{x}{2}$ .

**Q3.** Prove that:  $\cos 20^\circ \cos 40^\circ \cos 60^\circ \cos 80^\circ = \frac{1}{16}$ .

**Q4.** Prove that:  $\tan 50^\circ = \tan 40^\circ + 2 \tan 10^\circ$ .

**Q5.** Evaluate:  $\sin 105^\circ + \cos 105^\circ$ .

**Q6.** Prove that:  $\frac{\sin A \sin 2A + \sin 3A \sin 6A}{\sin A \cos 2A + \sin 3A \cos 6A} = \tan 5A$ .

**Q7.** In a triangle ABC, prove that  $\sin^2 \frac{A}{2} + \sin^2 \frac{B}{2} + \sin^2 \frac{C}{2} = 1 - 2 \sin \frac{A}{2} \sin \frac{B}{2} \sin \frac{C}{2}$ .

**Q8.** Find the general solution of the equation,  $2 \sin x + \sqrt{3} \cos x = 1 + \sin x$ .

**Q9.** Solve for  $x$ :  $\tan^2 x + \cot^2 x = 2$ .

**Q10.** If  $\tan A = k \tan B$ , show that  $\sin(A + B) = \binom{k+1}{k-1} \sin(A - B)$ .

**Q11.** If  $\alpha, \beta$  are the roots of  $a \cos \theta + b \sin \theta = c$ , show that  $\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{a^2 - b^2}{a^2 + b^2}$ .

**Q12.** Evaluate:  $\sin \frac{7\pi}{12} \cos \frac{\pi}{4} - \cos \frac{7\pi}{12} \sin \frac{\pi}{4}$ .

**Q13.** Prove that:  $\sin 20^\circ \sin 40^\circ \sin 60^\circ \sin 80^\circ = \frac{3}{16}$ .

**Q14.** Write  $\frac{13\pi}{4}$  in the degrees.

**Q15.** Find the value of  $\tan \frac{13\pi}{12}$ .

**Q16.** Find the value of  $2\sin^2 \frac{3\pi}{4} + 2\cos^2 \frac{3\pi}{4} - 2\tan^2 \frac{3\pi}{4}$ .

**Q17.** Solve the equation  $\sin 2x + \cos x = 0$ .

**Q18.** Prove that:  $\cos^2 x + \cos^2\left(x + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \cos^2\left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{3}{2}$ .

**Q19.** Show that:  $\tan 3x \tan 2x \tan x = \tan 3x - \tan 2x - \tan x$ .

**Q20.** Prove that:  $\cos 2x \cos \frac{x}{2} - \cos 3x \cos \frac{9x}{2} = \sin 5x \sin \frac{5x}{2}$ .